

**ARLINGTON
CONSERVATION
COUNCIL**

POST OAK

VOLUME 24, NUMBER 4

MAY 2023



TEXAS FALSE DANDELION • BLACKLAND PRAIRIE PRESERVE • GUY RANDOM PHOTO

May Zoom Meeting



Read more about this program on page 6

Join Zoom Meeting: <https://us06web.zoom.us/j/86005486491>

For assistance accessing the meeting, contact Frank Keeney,
webmaster@acctexas.org

6:30 p.m. social time and equipment check, 7 p.m. presentation

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From the President **Dick Schoech**



April Advice to 'Take a Hike' Proved Sound

Heeding last month's message, I hit Big Bend National Park for several days with family and friends. The weather was perfect, warm sunny days and cool nights, and an unusual 6+ inches of March snow encouraged wildflowers everywhere we looked. Cacti especially were blooming in hues I had never seen. The pictures here fail to capture the majestic scenery and brilliant colors.

The 1,262.5 square miles of Big Bend offer hikes through all types of terrain, including the Rio Grande, the entire Chisos range, and a large section of the Chihuahuan Desert. It's big enough that you rarely encounter other hikers, and the ones you actually talk to are usually very interesting.

Big Bend hiking surrounds your senses with earthy smells, unusual sounds, multicolored rocks, panoramic views, and uncommon plants, especially wildflowers in spring bloom. Expect to see colorful birds, deer, lizards, and, if you're lucky, bears and mountain lions.

A special treat for city dwellers is the star-filled night sky, as the Big Bend is one of the darkest stretches in Texas. Discover the Milky Way



ACC president hiking



Ocotillo

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ACC POST OAK

Our mission: ACC works to protect Arlington's natural environment through education, community service, and advocacy for a sustainable future

Published 10 times a year by
Arlington Conservation Council
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Arlington, TX 76004-0216

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Deadline for submissions is the
15th of every preceding month.
Please send them to
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From the President continued from page 3



Eastern collared lizard



Strawberry hedgehog cactus



Pinnacle Trail

continued on page 5

From the President continued from page 4

and constellations galore. The moon can be gorgeous, especially if it is full.

Big Bend is the perfect place to escape city life and experience the many facets of nature. I highly recommend a visit for young and old. Go on as many explorations as you can physically tolerate. They rarely disappoint. I especially like the Lost Mine Trail hike and the Window Trail hike.

Download the National Parks app to scout your trip. Plan before you go since many places in and around the park lack Internet access.



View from Lost Mine Trail

Amesha Morris, Our May Speaker

After a long pause, the City of Arlington has relaunched its community scientist program. Texas Stream Team is a statewide environmental education and volunteer-based water quality monitoring program run by The Meadows Center for Water and the Environment at Texas State University for 30+ years. Through TST, community scientists are trained to monitor water quality in our lakes and creeks by collecting and analyzing surface water at specific sites. The reports are then uploaded to a statewide database where problems may be detected and interventions designed by water professionals. The TST program serves to protect the 191,000 miles of Texas waterways through this network of local public-private environmental stewards.

Amesha Morris is a Senior Environmental Specialist with the Environmental Management Division, City of Arlington Public Works and Transportation Dept. She was an inspector with the Stormwater Administrator, City of McKinney. Amesha has a background in stormwater regulations for construction, industrial, illicit discharge detection, and water quality sampling. She holds a bachelor's degree in biology and a master's in environmental science from the University of North Texas.



Blackland Prairie Preserve, April 9, 2023

Bits & Pieces

The Terse Treehugger



Never too late in the year to annoy the heck out of a composter.

Or anybody who thinks those leaves had a function right where they were.

Hope these folks like landfill methane.

Visit ACC's
[Facebook page](#)
and
**Arlington
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[Discussion Group](#)

Where the Rubber Meets the Road



Latest UTA campus highlight: A shiny new traffic cone displaying its recycled heritage clearly. Maybe not a big deal? One billion end-of-life tires are generated every year and there are **4 billion** such tires in landfills and stockpiles worldwide. Best use appears to be rubberized asphalt.



Mealy blue sage

Gratuitous Moth



Here's a Green oak-slug moth found under a porch light in central Arlington on April 28. Apparently the larvae seem to slide along the undersides of leaves like slugs, and they can sting badly. The adults can't feed, but they can be gorgeous.

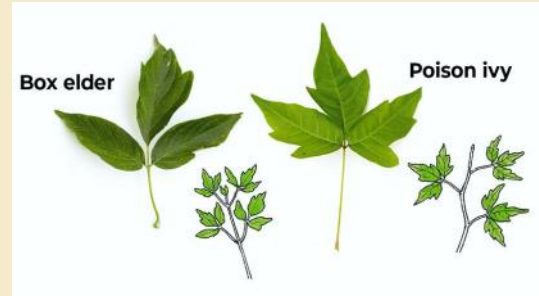
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Use the application form
on the back page.**



Question Corner John Darling

Q: I was walking with my rotten kid along Johnson Creek where Center Street crosses and we found some small trees with leaves that looked just like poison ivy. I thought our poison ivy was just a vine, not a tree. So what's the deal? Be serious; my kid reads your stuff for some reason and thinks she wants to be Nature Girl (if my wife doesn't kill her first). She insists the trees are not poison ivy and wants to play with their funny-looking seeds.

A: I bet your trees are box elders. They like wet places, and the leaves often look just like those of poison ivy. Next time you're there have a good look, and you'll see the leaflets and branches are opposite, not alternate. There are other differences, too, especially the distinctive seeds. However, the interesting thing here is your discerning child. You must encourage her interest in nature, unless you want her to make a living.



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On a
Liveable Planet



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Kevin Donovan



Editor's note: How good it is to see well-deserved recognition of Kevin Donovan by our Parks Department. One little thing, though, after somebody sent me the graphic below, I lost all of its relevant information. When I look it up, I find a Facebook page in Vietnamese, and that's no help at all.

But there's a good part: If you want an inspiring story about Kevin (and Carrie), go [here](#) to a Green Source DFW feature by Jim Domke that is better than anything I can say.

VOLUNTEER OF THE MONTH

**KEVIN
DONOVAN**

**APRIL
2023**



We're Doing Something Big



ACC has established an endowment with UTA to aid future environmentalists. It's already helping.*

Since the April Post Oak's publication, we have received a total of \$389 from two donors, each donation enough to get us to our \$10,000 goal!



Donate [here](#) and keep it growing.

***The first endowment scholarship has been awarded to a UTA sophomore. It gave him the opportunity to research Vehicle to Grid (V2G) technology, a smart-charging technology allowing car batteries to give back to the power grid. You can watch his presentation [here](#).**

My Nature Notebook

Can we buy ladybugs? Please? Please?

The creepy
old guy was
trying to
say some
boring thing
to my Dad
about trees
and leaves I
guess but I



was watching a baby ladybug eating tiny little bugs on a leaf. It was so cool because it was pretty and had spikes and jaws and everything. And it just grabbed those tiny bugs like a T rex! Somebody came along and said you can buy those, you know but the creepy old guy said no, no, don't do that and here's something called a lunk that tells you why not. Get your Daddy to read it and you won't want to buy any. Sure, sure, but the real thing is why can't I ever have any fun? Maybe I'll just ask Mommy if she'll only let me in the house.

Randol Mill Park Carol Marcotte

You know it's spring when so much is happening in the park. First, bluebirds. There are 13 bluebird nesting boxes here, and so far this year they have successfully housed and fledged one wren and five bluebirds. In addition, we have boxes with eggs on their way to hatching very soon.

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The bluebird nesting boxes are monitored by Dick Schoech on March 23. He found nestlings in this box. Dick is shown here using a mirror to count beaks.

Editor's note: I asked Dick recently about building bluebird boxes, and here's his response: "I think the plans [here](#) and the boxes [here](#) are better for Texas. The door opens better, the vents are bigger, etc. You also could mention the pole, baffle, and finding the right spot while facing the entrance hole southeast ([info](#) [here](#)). We like the side vent slots big enough so you can slide in a cell phone camera without opening the box and take a pic of the nest. Most phones allow you to trigger the phone by saying a word like click. The problem with making your own boxes is that cedar or other acceptable wood can be very expensive now. I look for good quality wood fence cedar slats, which are a cheap but acceptable solution. But every year they seem to get less wide and thick. However, I still think it is cheaper to buy a box for \$30 from [Texas Bluebird Society](#). It takes a while to make a box, and you typically make mistakes the first time you build one. Then there are little touches like having the entrance hole nice and smooth."



Randol Mill Park continued from page 12

Progress continues on the Triangle Garden, which is now an officially designated Native Plant Society of Texas (NPSOT) garden. *Above*, the 4th Thursday volunteer workday with Dick Schoech, Patsy Miller and Marylee Thomason. *Below from left*, Marylee Thomason, Patsy Miller, and Carol Marcotte show off the new NPSOT garden sign.

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Randol Mill Park continued from page 13

Earth Day at the park was a success. The event was kicked off with a bird walk led by Zachary Chapman. About 50 volunteers participated in activities that included trail building, seed balls making, erosion control planting, invasive plant removal, litter pickup, and greenhouse demonstrations.



Above, Zach Chapman guides the bird walk. Below, activities at the pavilion. Zach displays an exotic invasive plant that is no longer a threat.



The Board, Our Website, and Facebook John Darling

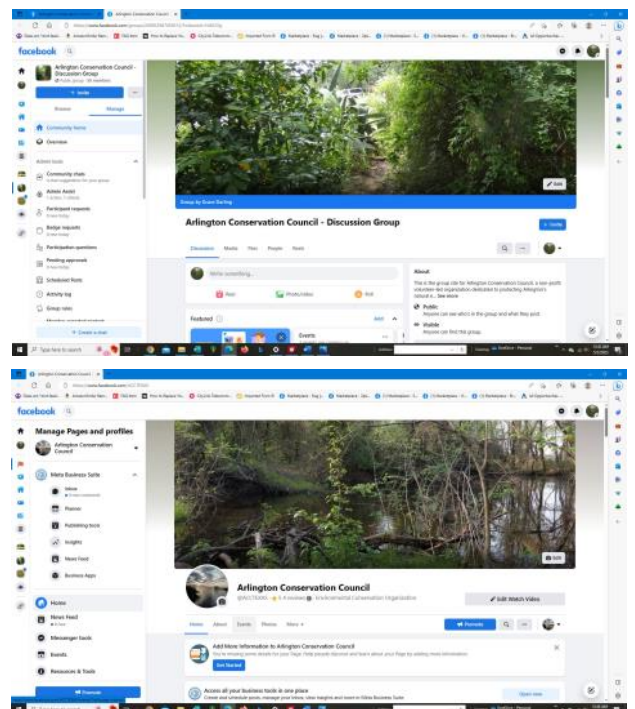
At our last Zoom board meeting, someone said the newsletter ought to do something about _____. That's generally a bad sign, so I started to focus. There was a consensus. The newsletter ought to acknowledge that our website has been down for a while, causing people to think we're out of touch.

Okay, it's true that Frank, the Mother Teresa of webmasters, has been moving entire mountain ranges to beat our site into submission, but he's not quite there yet. Meanwhile, I have been assured that we have not one, but two Facebooks. (I might not have the correct terminology here. I haven't been able to face social media since an artistic friend made me a page that attracted his artsy "friends" who can't communicate without multiple exclamation points!!!)

So that's Point One, the website acknowledgment. Now for Point Two. On the upper right you see the tasteful encouragement that appears in every issue. Despite web issues, our message remains: We're a group that loves Arlington, wants the best for its residents, and wants to be in touch with you. And we are, through those Facebook pages. They're not the same, by the way; I just checked and I could tell. Just look below on the right and see different scenes of Arlington at its verdant best. Except the lower one. It was recently bulldozed. We really ought to update that.

Last thing: Should the encouragement be less dignified? I don't know; maybe you should tell the board!!!

**Visit ACC's
Facebook page
and
Arlington
Conservation
Council
Discussion Group**



Arlington's Heritage Trees



From Dick Schoech: This wonderful live oak is in front of the armory on Randol Mill Road near Randol Mill Park. *Editor's thought: Although it's not entirely on the level, this fine oak is making the most of some remarkable horizontal branches.*

**Do you know a heritage tree just waiting to be admired?
There's room for lots more, so let's see yours.**



Adventures of Izzy, a Texas Spiny Lizard Dick Schoech

1. What a beautiful day for peaceful sunbathing on my favorite spot.



2. Here comes that pesty anole. Hope he leaves me alone.



3. Oh, no, they're ganging up to get my spot. I'll just ignore them.



4. Now they are fighting each other. Why can't we get along and enjoy life?



5. This is downright embarrassing! Hope nobody is watching.



6. I think they are finally going away and letting me enjoy my day. The end.



Molly Hollar Wildscape Update Marian Hiler

April brought more vibrant colorful blooms to the wildscape.



Above from left, Winecup ([*Callirhoe involucrata*](#)) and mealy blue sage ([*Salvia farinacea*](#)) in the butterfly garden. Photo Marian Hiler. Prairie penstemon ([*Penstemon cobaea*](#)) in the pocket prairie. Photo Marian Hiler. Closeup of penstemon's bell-shaped tubular flower. Photo Dana Austin.



Above from left, Giant spiderwort ([*Tradescantia gigantea*](#)) comes in various colors of white, pinks and purples. Photo Marian Hiler. Fragrant phlox, prairie phlox ([*Phlox pilosa*](#)) betwixt pink evening primroses ([*Oenothera speciosa*](#)). Photo Ann Knudsen.

An exciting discovery was made on a recent workday. Several black swallowtail caterpillars ([*Papilio polyxenes*](#)) were found feasting on the prairie parsley ([*Polytaenia nuttallii*](#)) in, appropriately, the butterfly garden. Herbs from the carrot family – parsley among them – are a popular host plant for swallowtails. Favorite nectar plants

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Wildscape Update continued from page 18

are milkweed, clover, and thistles. Lucky for us, the beautiful (both adult and caterpillar) black swallowtails are commonly found in Texas.

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Above from left, Two black swallowtails chomp away on the prairie parsley. Photo Marian Hiler. Closeup of one of the caterpillars. Photo Marian Hiler. What these caterpillars are working to become one day.

Below, Caterpillar paparazzi, from left, Dana Austin, Marian Hiler, Ramona Gratton, Jane Oosterhuis, and Josephine Keeney. Photo Ann Knudsen.



Wildscape Update continued from page 19

New volunteers come via various routes — Master Naturalist and Master Gardener interns and frequent visitors to the park.

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Above from left, First Saturday newcomers work alongside Marylee Thomason, George Prochaska, Mary Rowell, and Eleanor Forfang-Brockman. Photo Marian Hiler. Trail walkers Melanie Harris and Christine Hajovsky stopped to give words of appreciation and stayed to pull weeds. Photo Marian Hiler. Below, Time to check out the new Photo Op Spot now that the bluebonnets are in full bloom. From left, Marylee Thomason, Marian Hiler, Morgan Chivers, Joe Martinez and Ann Knudsen. Photo Ryan Smith.



Wildscape Update continued from page 20

Carol Marcotte has been monitoring the four bluebird boxes in Veterans Park. She recently reported that two of the boxes have housed and fledged 10 bluebirds this year as of April 19, 2023.

As part of monitoring, Carol makes sure that the boxes are cleaned between broods to minimize the presence of ectoparasites (e.g. mites, blowfly larvae). She follows Cornell Lab of Ornithology's NestWatch [nest box care recommendations](#). "During the breeding season, we recommend leaving the nesting material in the box — the parents may decide to raise another brood. At the end of the season, you can remove the nesting material and scrub the inside with a mild detergent and water. If your nest is soiled with fecal matter, we recommend removing the nest and cleaning the nest box out with a solution of 1 part bleach to 10 parts water. Some monitors opt to clean the box out after every brood, but it's imperative that this is done when there is absolutely no sign of breeding activity in the box; if you're ever unsure whether the box is being actively used, it's best to wait until another day to clean it out."

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Clockwise from above, successful bluebird boxes at Veterans Park. A clutch of five eggs. Young bluebirds just about to fledge. Sometimes not all the eggs are viable. This nest was removed from the box during cleaning between broods. Photos Carol Marcotte.



Wildscape Update continued from page 21

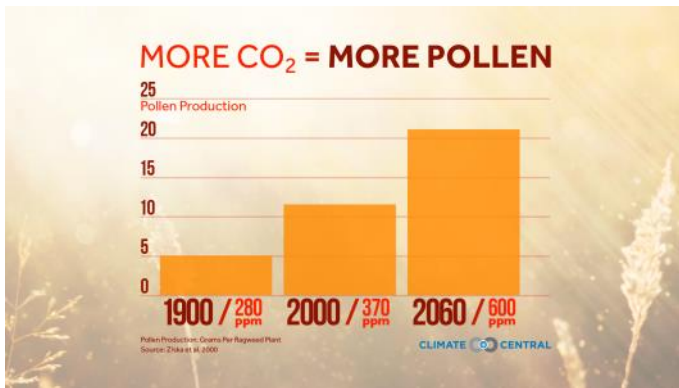
First Saturday workdays and mini-classes

The April 1 mini-class “Let’s Teach About the Importance of Our Watershed” was given by Marylee Thomason. With her trademark enthusiasm, she revealed secrets she uses to engage kids in understanding how our daily activities can contribute to polluting our creeks and lakes. She enhances the Enviroscope with her own props that mimic pollution, such as having kids shake on “trash” using multicolored candy sprinkles. When it “rains” they’ll float away looking like mini-plastic bottles. To signal the impending rainstorm, she shook a metal sheet, sounding impressively like actual thunder. She will ask kids to make it rain, using water-filled squirt bottles, which will wash the trash and other pollutants down into the stream. The final act is to ask, “Are you part of the environmental team? Then here we go, ‘Hi ho, hi ho, it’s off to work we go! We’ve scooped the goop. We’ve scooped the poop!’” The last question before they leave is “Will you pledge to clean up the trash?”



Marylee Thomason brings out the storm clouds to rain down on the town. From left, Mary Rowell, Ann Knudsen, Joe Martinez, Jane Oosterhuis and Marylee. Photo Marian Hiler.

In Case You Missed It Grace Darling



Climate change is lengthening pollen seasons and making them more severe. **Worsening allergies** are “a really clear example of how climate change is impacting us now, every spring, in every breath that we take. This is climate change in our own backyards, in our own towns and cities. It’s not future generations or other countries or future decades,” said William Anderegg, an associate professor at the University of Utah who has studied the impact of climate change on pollen seasons in North America. This increased exposure to pollen is particularly dangerous for children, people with asthma, and people who live in areas with high levels of air pollution.

“I think calling it climate change is rather limiting. I would rather call it the everything change.” — Margaret Atwood

A new study published in *Nature Communications* has found that the planet’s vast undersea kelp forests



generate an average of approximately \$500 billion per year. The authors’ analysis of the global ecological and economic value of six genera of kelp-forming algae estimates those services — fisheries production, nutrient cycling, and carbon removal — are worth more than half a trillion dollars to modern societies.

After a walk outdoors, have you ever found seeds clinging to your clothes? Lodged in your socks and shoelaces? Perhaps tangled in your pet’s fur? Those seeds clinging to your hiking socks may be from invasive plants, whose seeds are typically tiny, numerous, and hardy; many thrive on disturbed soil like scenic trails. Here are some things you can do to **avoid being a vector for invasives**: (1) Identify and report sightings. Take a picture and call your state parks and wildlife agency. [If enough of us call, maybe they’ll do something about it.] (2) Arrive with clean gear and don’t forget to scrape your boots. (3) Choose clothing and shoes of smooth materials and plain surfaces whenever possible. Socks, shoelaces, fleece and Velcro are more seed-friendly than nylon and leather. (4) Follow the Leave No Trace principles, which outline minimum-impact strategies for visiting the outdoors. For example, stick to marked formal trails to avoid dispersing invasive plants off-trail. Camp on designated or well-established campsites, and don’t transport firewood between sites. Clean your pets and vehicles as well as your clothes before and after hitting the trail. [*The Conversation* Mar 17, 2023]

*Beyond the Poles: **How melting ice affects everyone*** is an NPR series at once fascinating and nightmarish. Most people live far from the glaciers and ice caps that hold it. But as the climate gets hotter, the ice is melting. That’s setting off a cascade of changes that reach far across the globe, such as

- more frequent and severe wildfires in the western U.S.;

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In Case You Missed It continued from page 23



- sea level rise in coastal areas (in Texas' Gulf coast, it threatens to wipeout seaside communities);
- disappearance of endangered right whales in the North Atlantic;
- downstream flooding from melting glaciers and snowpack*

"The shape of coastlines, the weather and temperature, the survival of communities — all are tied to ice," says the series.

*As an example, on 4/29 the Los Angeles Times reports continued closure of Yosemite Valley as the normally placid Merced River surged over its banks, swamping roads, erasing swimming beaches, and turning meadows into murky sloughs. Climate change coupled with drought, snowpack, wildfires and flooding has been one of the park's biggest challenges in recent years. Drought has enabled



western pine bark beetles to kill large swaths of forest. Yosemite's glaciers are melting, scientists say, primarily due to global warming. Beyond those ecological woes, closing the park for several days due to safety concerns comes at a cost. Tourism in Yosemite generates a cumulative benefit to the region of about \$686 million a year, officials said, directly supporting nearly 8,000 jobs.

Scientists have found dozens of marine species that usually stick close to the coasts floating in the middle of the open ocean. How did they get there? By colonizing the [Great Pacific Garbage Patch](#).



The U.S. updated its list of **electric vehicles that qualify for a \$7,500 tax credit**. New rules announced last month require a certain percentage of battery components to be sourced from North America or a U.S. trade partner to incentivize U.S.-based production. Half a dozen models now only qualify for \$3,750 instead of \$7,500, and some get no credit at all. Check to see [which models get a tax credit and how much](#).

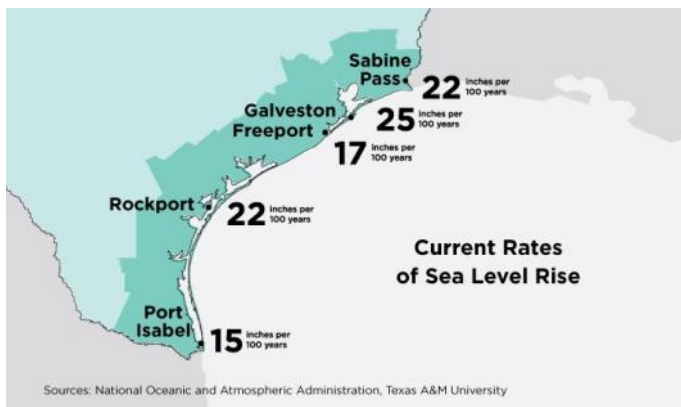
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In Case You Missed It continued from page 24



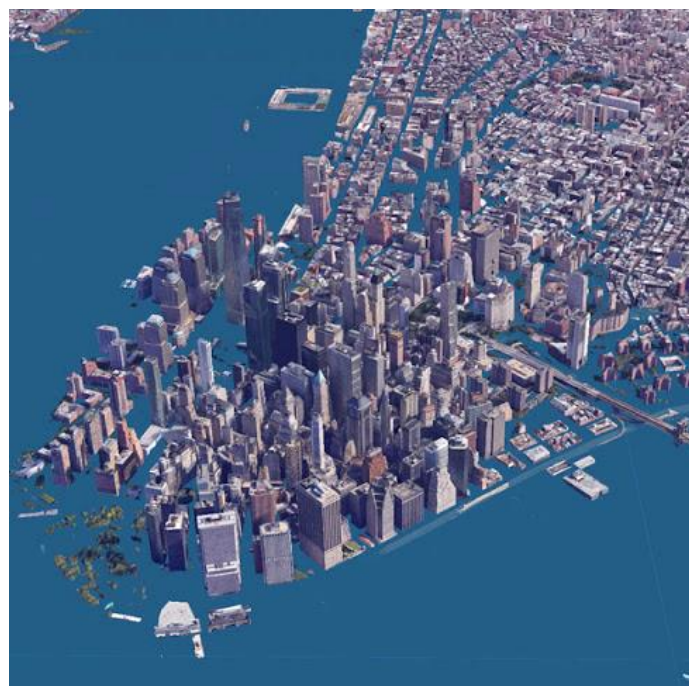
“When I use iNaturalist, what I once called a weed or a bug or a beetle, I find out its real name, and it changes the relationship that I have with that critter. It becomes my neighbor, rather than just a little innocuous thing. Once you start to recognize some of these familiar faces, it does something to you. It feels kind of like a family reunion when you go to a park, and that's meaningful.” [Sam Kieschnick, on being recognized as one of the world's Top 10 Observers on iNaturalist]



Living by the sea has a strong appeal – beautiful beaches, ocean views, and often pleasant breezes. However, there are also risks, and they are exacerbated by climate change. Sea level is forecast to rise on average 10 to 14 inches (25-35 cm) on the U.S. East Coast over the next 30 years, and 14 to 18 inches (35-45 cm) on the Gulf Coast, as the planet warms. Rising temperatures are also increasing the intensity of hurricanes. With higher seas and larger

storm surges, ocean waves more easily erode beaches, weaken sea walls, and submerge cement foundations in corrosive salt water. Together with subsidence, or sinking land, they make coastal living riskier.

Homeowners can elevate their houses, improve the lot grading so surface water runs away from the building, install a sump pump and remodel with storm-resistant building materials. FEMA suggests measures to protect against coastal erosion, such as replenishing beach sand, strengthening sea walls and anchoring the home. Engineering can help communities, temporarily at least, through sea walls, ponds and increased drainage. But in the long term, communities will have to assess the vulnerability of coastal areas. Yet we are seeing a disturbing trend to rebuild in the same vulnerable locations. An important question communities should be asking is, if these are already in high-risk areas, why rebuild in the same place? [<https://news.climate.columbia.edu/2022/10/07/should-coastal-communities-rebuild-or-retreat-after-hurricane-ian/>]



Sheri Capehart Nature Preserve Annabelle Corboy

Friends of SCNP Monthly Meeting

Free and open to the public

Friday, May 12, 7 pm

Looking for Yucca Moths

Grace and John Darling

Meet in the SCNP parking lot, 5201 Bowman Springs Road

Grace and John Darling will lead us on a walk through SCNP with emphasis on finding blooming Glen Rose yuccas and yucca moths, their only pollinators. We'll also look for any creature that happens by and hope we can name a few.

Male and female moths emerge from their underground cocoons in the spring, timed with the blossoming of the yucca plant. There is an extraordinary partnership between the yucca moth and the yucca plant. They are so interdependent that one cannot live without the other.

Wear STURDY shoes or boots, maybe bring BUG SPRAY and WATER, and especially a good FLASHLIGHT or headlamp with fresh batteries. The walk back will be in the dark, so a good light will be essential.

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Sheri Capehart Nature Preserve continued from page 26

SCNP's May Program

Review: Updates on the Wildlife Monitoring Project, with Rachel Richter

On April 18, in the face of an untimely technology failure, Rachel Richter gave her presentation using a computer monitor to show her remote camera photos and data graphs, and the audience pulled their chairs up in a semi-circle like eager students. Rachel joined the Urban Wildlife Information Network in April 2021, studying wildlife via 25 remote cameras set out along Highway 199, reaching from downtown Fort Worth to Springtown, from tall buildings and lots of concrete, past the FW Nature Center and out to neighboring rural areas. Rachel uploads photos into the central database with volunteers assisting with IDs. The data serves as a baseline for observing the changes over time in addition to providing research scientists an opportunity to compare different habitats and the wildlife that lives and moves through these areas. The participating cities follow a standard protocol for collecting the data, which helps to support these comparisons. Surprises include an eastern spotted skunk, a ringtail (both found in downtown FW), and minks. But it's also important to track numbers of coyotes, bobcats, foxes, feral hogs, deer, raccoons, opossums, etc. To learn more about the overarching project, you can visit the UWIN website at <https://www.urbanwildlifeinfo.org/>

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Sheri Capehart Nature Preserve continued from page 27

Jeff Quayle Walk

Jeff Quayle has been leading a series of spring hikes. Often he has a specific species he's looking for. On Monday, April 17, Jeff led six of us on a hike at Sheri Capehart Nature Preserve, checking on the Sparkleberry (*Vaccinium arboreum*) and the Limestone adder's tongue (*Ophioglossum engelmannii*). Along the way, we stopped to admire, identify, and photograph many plants. Some of the best of those photos are posted on iNaturalist. [Find them here](#).

Also joining us was John Snowden, who pointed out bunches of grasses along the way. If you have a chance to join one of Jeff's hikes, you will be guaranteed to learn something and occasionally hear a good backstory that will make the day especially memorable. We also visited Thora Hart Park and finished at Randol Mill Park, where Jeff and Jim Frisinger were able to get down to the slippery, rocky area where the Widespread maiden fern (*Pelazoneuron kunthii*) can be found.

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Above, plant hike with Jeff Quayle (in bright blue shirt). Below from left, sparkleberry (*Vaccinium arboreum*), limestone adder's tongue (*Ophioglossum engelmannii*), widespread maiden fern (*Pelazoneuron kunthii*).



Sheri Capehart Nature Preserve continued from page 28

The next once-a-month volunteer day at SCNP

Saturday, May 20

Meet at 9 a.m. in the parking lot.

Bring gloves, appropriate apparel, and suntan lotion/bug repellent as needed.

We'll tackle a wide variety of needs for the preserve. These include brush clearing, seeding, trail maintenance, transplanting and trash pickup. Volunteers get to learn in depth about the preserve and its goals while contributing to sustaining and improving this treasured ecosystem.



Blackland Prairie Preserve Guy Random



Take two heaping Sunday afternoons in late April, combine with several trillion out-of-control plants and mix well with 254 photographs. Then cut to fit one page and serve fresh. This won't last long.



ARLINGTON CONSERVATION COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP APPLICATION

Memberships are good for one year, renewable each January. Your dues go directly to our public education efforts.

Membership Information

Name _____	First-year member \$10	
Address _____	Individual \$15	New Member ☐
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Arlington Conservation Council
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Our May Zoom Meeting

We're working on making the recording available.
See page 6 for more on this presentation.